

上海航天电源技术有限责任公司

SHANGHAI AEROSPACE POWER TECHNOLOGY CO.,LTD.

Square high power lithium iron phosphate base

Lithium-ion battery product specifications

IFP1780123PB

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Revise resume

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1scope

 $This \ document \ applies \ to \ square \ high-power \ lithium \ iron \ phosphate \ produced \ by \ Shanghai \ Aerospace \ Power \ Technology \ Co., \ Ltd.$

based lithium-ion battery.

2battery model

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3Product performance indicators

3.1Technical Parameters

(This parameter only applies to SAPTNew products delivered to customers, not applicable to products used by customers)

serial number	project	Technical Parameters			Remark
3.1.1	Rated Capacity	8Ah			0.5C
3.1.2	Q		3.2V		
3.1.3	open circuit voltage		3.2~3.4V		50%~60%state of charge
3.1.4	Cell internal resistance		≤1.3mΩ		1KHzAC electrical impedance
3.1.5	Unit weight		0.32±0.02Kg		
3.1.6	Maximum charging voltage		3.65V		
		Charge:	0°C~10°C	0.1C	
		0°C	11°C~20°C	0.3C	To ensure higher charging capacity and service life
3.1.7	Operating temperature	~30°C	twenty one°C~45°C	1-2C	It is recommended to use it under the specified current magnification
		Discharge:-20°C~55°C			use
3.1.8	Storage temperature		- 20°C~55°C		

3.1.9	700Ahigh current discharge electricity (25°C~35°C)	≥1Second-rate	The battery is fully charged according to standard charging methods. put on hold30min,700Adischarge, discharge time ≥3.5s, the cut-off voltage is1.8V Definition of number of pulse cycles: battery adopts 0.5CConstant current and constant voltage charging to3.65V,change Constant voltage charging to0.05C, put on hold30min, 450ALarge current discharge5s, put aside 4min, the lower limit voltage is set to1.8V, This is recorded as a cycle (i.e. a pulse Discharge represents a pulse cycle)
3.1.10	room temperature pulse discharge cycle ring(25±2°C)	Battery capacity after 300 pulse cycles ≥6.4Ah	Definition of number of pulse cycles: battery adopts 0.5CConstant current and constant voltage charging to 3.65V,change Constant voltage charging to 0.05C, put on hold 30min, 450ALarge current discharge5s, put aside 4min, the lower limit voltage is set to 1.8V, This is recorded as a cycle (i.e. a pulse Discharge represents a pulse cycle)



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Continuation table3.1

serial number	project	Technical Parameters	Remark
3.1.11	Discharge capacity (25°C)	Number of consecutive pulse discharges ≥10Second-rate	according to 4.4.6 entry for testing, this entry Only applies to adoption 4.4.5 Items loop continuously ring 250 The battery within a pulse cycle and the ambient temperature 25±5°C, relative humidity 45%~85% RHstored in an environment 1 Year Unused battery inside
3.1.12	Cathode material system	Lithium iron phosphate	
3.1.13	shell material	Aluminum alloy	
3.1.14	maintain	battery in60%-80%SOC On hold, maintained once a year	

3.2Charging mode/parameters

serial number	parameter	product specifications	condition
3.2.1	Standard charging current	4.0A	25±5°C,65±20% RH
3.2.2	Maximum charging voltage	3.65±0.02V	standard:3.65V
3.2.3	Standard charging mode (constant current and constant voltage)	The ambient temperature is25±5Under the conditions of °C, use 0.5C1A=4A constant current Streaming charge to3.65VWhen, switch to constant voltage charging, when the charging current is less than0.05Chour Deadline, the charging time does not exceed3h	
3.2.4	Standard charging temperature	25±5℃	

3.3Discharge mode/parameters

serial number	parameter	product specifications	condition
3.3.1	Standard discharge current	4.0A	25±5°C,65±20% RH
3.3.2	Maximum pulse discharge current	700A	full charge,700Adischarge3S, The cutoff voltage is set to1.8V
3.3.3	Standard discharge cut-off voltage	2.0±0.05V	
3.3.4	High current discharge cut-off voltage	1.8±0.05V	include450Aand700A
3.3.5	Standard discharge temperature	25±5℃	



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4Battery performance standards

4.1Exterior

There are no obvious scratches, defects or cracks on the outer surface of the battery, no leakage of electrolyte, and no other appearance defects that affect the sales value of the battery.

4.2Standard test conditions

The test battery must be a new battery that has been manufactured by our company for no more than one month, and the battery must not have been charged and discharged more than five times. Unless there are special requirements, the product test conditions in this specification are temperature: 25±5°C, humidity:65±20% RH.

4.3Test equipment requirements

- (1) The accuracy of the instrument for measuring dimensions should be greater than or equal to 0.01 mm;
- (2) The accuracy of the multimeter in measuring voltage and current should be no less than 0.5 level, the internal resistance should not be less than $10k\Omega$;
- (3) The measurement principle of the internal resistance tester should be the AC impedance method (1KhzLCR);
- (4) The current accuracy of the battery test system should be no less than±0.1%, the constant voltage accuracy is not less than±0.5%, the timing accuracy is not less than±0.1%;
- (5) The accuracy of the instrument measuring temperature should be no less than $\pm 0.5 ^{\circ}\text{C}.$

4.4Electrical performance test

serial number	project	Test Methods	Inspection requirements
4.4.1	Normal temperature and const	1) Test ambient temperature25±5°C 2) battery button an ട്രാമിക്ക് Charging according to prescribed method 3) Leave in open circuit state30min, and then use0.5CrADischarge at a constant current to the standard discharge cut-off voltage and record the discharge capacity.	Discharge capacity ≥100%* Rated Capacity
4.4.2	Room temperature high currer Discharge performance	1) Test ambient temperature30±5°C 2) battery button 2 3.2.3Charging according to prescribed method 3) Leave it in the open circuit state30min,by700Aconstant current discharge3.5s, set the cut-off voltage1.8V	Number of discharges ≥1Second-rate
4.4.3	High temperature discharge re	1) battery button3.2.3Charging according to prescribed method 2 sistemist5s±2Stored under high temperature conditions5h 3)exist55±2at °C0.5C1ADischarge at a constant current to the standard discharge cut-off voltage and record the discharge capacity.	Discharge capacity ≥95%*Forehead Fixed capacity



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Continue the above table	1.4		
serial number	project	Test Methods	Inspection requirements
4.4.4	Low temperature discharge pro able	1) battery button3.2.3Charging according to prescribed method 2 pe)exist-20±2Stored under low temperature conditions16h 3)exist-20±2at °C0.5C1ADischarge at a constant current to the standard discharge cut-off voltage and record the discharge capacity.	Discharge capacity ≥50%*Forehead Fixed capacity
4.4.5	room temperature pulse cycle Ring discharge performance	1) at temperature25±2under °C conditions; 2) battery with0.5C1AConstant current and constant voltage charging to3.65V, turn to constant voltage charging to0.05C; 3) in the open circuit state30min,by450Aconstant current pulse discharge 5s, put aside4min, this is recorded as a cycle (that is, one pulse represents and pulse discharge and pulse discharge twice The power-to-power time interval is4min, until reaching the cut-off voltage1.8V; 4)repeat2) and3) steps until the number of constant current pulse discharge cycles in the entire test process reaches300Second-rate; 5)Battery button4.4.1Specify testing and recording discharge capacity	accumulation300Second-rate pulse discharge Electricity after cycle Pool capacity ≥ 6.4Ah
4.4.6*	Discharge capacity	1) at temperature25±2under °C conditions; 2) battery with0.5C;AConstant current and constant voltage charging to3.65V, turn to constant voltage charging to0.05C; 3) in the open circuit state30min,by450Aconstant current pulse discharge 5s, put aside4min, the constant current pulse discharge is repeated and the time interval between two pulse discharges is4min, until reaching the cut-off voltage1.8V; Record the number of pulse discharges.	continuous pulse Number of discharges ≥10 times
4.4.7	Normal temperature chargin	1) Battery button3.2.3Charging according to prescribed method 2) in25±5Store at °C28sky 3) After the storage period ends, the battery will0.5C·ADischarge with constant current to the standard g discharge cut-off voltage, and calculate the capacity loss of the battery after being left aside. 4) battery button3.2.3Charging according to prescribed method 5) by0.5C·ADischarge with constant current to the standard discharge cut-off voltage, and calculate the recovery capacity of the battery after being left aside.	Capacity loss <6%*Rated capacity; recovery capacity ≥95%*Forehead Fixed capacity
4.4.8	High temperature charging keep testing	1) battery button3.2.3Charging according to prescribed method 2)exist55±2Store at °C7sky 3) After the shelving is completed, the battery is25±5Recovery at °C5h 4)by0.5CrADischarge with constant current to the standard discharge cut-off voltage, and calculate the capacity loss of the battery after being left aside. 5) battery button3.2.3Charging according to prescribed method 6)by0.5CrADischarge with constant current to the standard discharge cut-off voltage, and calculate the recovery capacity of the battery after being left aside.	Capacity loss <6%*Rated capacity; recovery capacity ≥95%*Forehead Fixed capacity

Note: 4.4.6* items are only applicable to batteries that use the 4.4.5 method to continuously cycle within 250 pulse cycles and at ambient temperature.

Store batteries that have not been used within 1 year in an environment of $25\pm5^{\circ}\text{C}$ and relative humidity of 45% to 85%RH.



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4.5Thermal Abuse Test

4.5.1	temperature shock CYCle	1)Will50%SOCThe state of the battery is stored in a high and low temperature chamber 2) exist70°C to -40Conduct three thermal shock cycles between °C, and the temperature rise and fall time of each time is controlled within15minWithin, the battery is within70°C or - 40The shelf time under temperature conditions of °C is1h 3) After temperature shock cycle, observe the appearance and sealing performance of the battery.	The battery should not Explosion, no Fire, no Give way
4.5.2	Thermal stability	1)exist25±5Fully charge the battery at 2) high temperature box with5±2°C/minThe speed heats up to150±2°C (266 ±3.6°F),Keep30min 3) Return the oven temperature to room temperature and observe the appearance of the battery	The battery should not Explosion, no

4.6Mechanical abuse testing

serial number	item Head	Test Methods	Inspection requirements
4.6.1	Vibration test	1)Test ambient temperature25±5°C 2) battery button3.2.3 Charging according to prescribed method 3) The battery is fixed on the vibration table, and its test parameters are: the discharge current is0.5C, the vibration frequency is10~50Hz, the maximum acceleration is 30m/s², the vibration direction includesX/Y/ZShaft vibration, sweep cycle10 times, vibration time1h	The battery should not explode Explodes, does not catch fire, Do not disclose
4.6.2	Drop test	1)Test ambient temperature25±5°C 2) battery button3.2.3 Charging according to prescribed method 3) Move the battery from the height1.5mfree fall onto the concrete floor 4)fromX,Y,Zforward and reverse direction (6surface) falling freely in all directions1 Second-rate 5) Observe the battery after the test1hchanges within	The battery should not explode Explodes, does not catch fire
4.6.3	Immersion test	1)Test ambient temperature25±5°C 2) battery button3.2.3 Charging according to prescribed method 3) Place the battery in salt water (3.5%concentrationNaClaqueous solution), the battery should be fully immersed in salt water, and the experiment continues2hStop the test when the above or other visible reactions occur.	The battery should not explode Explodes, does not catch fire
4.6.4	acupuncture	1)Test ambient temperature25±5°C 2) battery button3.2.3 Charging according to prescribed method 3) Use Φ8mmThe high temperature resistant steel needle is10~40mm/sspeed, penetrating from the direction perpendicular to the battery plates, the steel needle stays in the battery for at least30min 4) Observe the battery after the test1hchanges within	The battery should not explode Explodes, does not catch fire



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Continuation table4.6

serial number	item Hea	Test Methods	Inspection requirements
4.6.5	Heavy impact test	1)Test ambient temperature25±5°C 2) battery button3.2.3 Charging according to prescribed method 3) Put a diameter of15.8±0.1mmThe rod is placed in the middle of the battery 4)one9.1±0.46kgThe heavy hammer from610±25mmhigh place to the battery	The battery should not explode Explodes, does not catch fire
4.6.6	squeeze test	1)Test ambient temperature25±5°C 2) battery button3.2.3 Charging according to prescribed method 3) Apply pressure perpendicular to the direction of the battery plates, and the maximum pressure does not exceed the battery weight1000times 4) to squeeze the battery to its original thickness85%Keep5min, and then continue Continue extrusion to initial thickness50% 5) The extrusion speed should be slow enough to prevent any possible short circuit in the battery interact with thermal runaway factors	The battery should not explode Explodes, does not catch fire

4.7Electrical Abuse Test

serial number	item Head	Test Methods	Inspection requirements
4.7.1	Overcharge test	1)Test ambient temperature25±5°C 2) battery button3.2.3 Charging according to prescribed method 3)by0.5C1AConstant current charging until the battery capacity reaches the rated capacity 200%Or the voltage reaches twice the charging upper limit voltage	The battery should not explode, afford fire
4.7.2	Overdischarge test	1)Test ambient temperature25±5°C 2) battery button 3.2.3Charging according to prescribed method 3)by 0.5C1AConstant current discharge to0V 4) Observe the battery after the test1hchanges within	The battery should not explode, afford
4.7.3	Short circuit test	1)Test ambient temperature25±5°C 2) battery button3.2.3 Charging according to prescribed method 3) Use the battery with an internal resistance less than5mΩexternal circuit short circuit 10min, or terminate the test when other conditions occur (such as component melting, etc.)	The battery should not explode, afford fire

4.8Storage performance

Batteries for this test should be selected from the production date to the test date no more than3months of battery life

Battery standard charge to50%capacity, then at ambient temperature25±5°C, relative humidity45%~85%RHof

stored in environment90sky. After the storage period expires, the battery is charged to100%capacity, and then0.5C1A



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 $Constant \ current \ discharge \ to \ the \ standard \ discharge \ cut-off \ voltage, \ the \ discharge \ capacity \ should \ be \ higher \ than \ the \ rated \ capacity \ 95\%.$

Maintenance recommendations: If the battery is not used for a long time, it is recommended to 3-6Fully charge and discharge the battery every month electricity 1~2This will help slow down the decay rate of active materials inside the battery.

5Battery transportation and storage

5.1transportation

 $Batteries \ should \ be \ packed \ into \ boxes \ for \ transportation \ and \ should \ be \ protected \ from \ severe \ vibration, impact \ or \ extrusion \ during \ transportation.$

Protect from the sun and rain, and can be transported by cars, trains, ships, airplanes and other means of transportation.

5.2store

Batteries should be stored at an ambient temperature of -20°C~55°C, relative humidity is10%RH~90%RHof strips under the condition. Batteries should avoid contact with corrosive substances or magnetic environments. Batteries should be stored in a clean, dry, and ventilated place. environment.

6Battery outline drawing (this outline size does not include packaging materials: insulating gaskets and heat shrink sleeves)



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7quality assurance

From the date of shipment, the shelf life of the battery is determined by the contract. However, within this period, if it is not

The reason is not the manufacturing process of Haiyang Power Technology Co., Ltd., but the battery quality problem caused by the customer's misuse.

Question, Shanghai Aerospace Power Technology Co., Ltd. does not promise free replacement.

Shanghai Aerospace Power Supply Technology Co., Ltd. will not take any responsibility for the problems and safety accidents caused by the following situations: assume any responsibility for:

- 1) Problems and safety accidents caused by violation of safe use guidelines;
- 2) Defective batteries produced by customers during the battery assembly process after shipment;
- 3) Problems caused by the use of batteries with circuits, battery packs and chargers.

For safety reasons, if there are other aspects such as equipment design, lithium-ion battery system protection circuit or large current, etc.

For special applications, please consult Shanghai Aerospace Power Technology Co., Ltd. for relevant matters first.

8Safe use guide

To avoid battery damage or personal injury caused by misuse of prismatic lithium-ion batteries, be careful when using prismatic lithium-ion batteries.

Before replacing the battery, please read the following safety guidelines carefully:

warn!



Batteries carry the risk of fire, explosion and burns. Do not disassemble, crush, incinerate, heat or dispose of batteries.

into fire;

— Keep the battery out of the reach of children. Do not remove the original battery packaging before use.

Dispose of used batteries promptly according to local recycling or waste regulations;

— If the battery needs to be replaced, use batteries from the same manufacturer. Use batteries from other manufacturers.

There may be a risk of fire and explosion;

- Do not put the battery into water or get it wet;
- Do not contact the positive and negative terminals of the battery with the metal case at the same time;
- $\hbox{- Do not short-circuit, overcharge or over-discharge the battery;}\\$
- Do not use or store batteries near heat sources (such as fire or heaters);
- Do not reverse the positive and negative poles of the battery;

Before using this battery, please read all relevant safety instructions and this specification sheet carefully to ensure safe and correct use.



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- Do not place batteries together with coins, metal jewelry or other metal objects;
- Do not use nails or other sharp objects to pierce the battery case, and do not hammer or step on the battery;
- Do not solder the battery directly;
- Do not disassemble or modify the battery in any way without authorization;
- Do not hit, throw, or subject the battery to mechanical shock or natural drop;
- Do not mix lithium-ion batteries of different types and brands;
- Do not connect the negative pole to the case (positive electricity);
- If the battery emits a peculiar smell, generates heat, is deformed, discolored or has any other abnormality, it must not be used and the battery should be removed from the use environment;
- If the electrolyte enters the eyes after the battery leaks, do not rub it, rinse with water, and seek medical assistance immediately. If not treated in time, the eyes will be harmed;
- If the battery catches fire, use dry powder, foam fire extinguisher, sand, etc. to extinguish it and keep it away from the environment;
- If the battery is assembled into a replaceable battery pack that can be installed by non-professionals, precautions and instructions for use should be marked on the terminal application in accordance with the above guidelines.

9Battery shipping status

If the customer has no special requirements, under normal circumstances, the battery has 50%-60% About the amount of electricity,

The battery voltage is 3.2-3.4V.

10technical consulting

If you have any questions about the battery during use, please consult as follows:

Factory address: Shanghai Aerospace Power Technology Co., Ltd.—Wanfang Road, Pujiang Town, Minhang District, Shanghai501

Phone number:021—33292329

fax:021—33883383

11Revision of product specifications

Our company has the right to revise the specifications of this series of products. Except as an attachment to the contract, under normal circumstances,

The company does not provide revised product specifications to customers.



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12the term

the term	definition
SAPT	Shanghai Aerospace Power Technology Co., Ltd.
Battery	A basic electrochemical functional unit consisting of electrodes, electrolytes, containers, terminals, and usually separators and all related packaging
client	company, enterprise or individual
open circuit voltage	The voltage between the positive and negative terminals of the battery when no load is connected
SOC	State of charge, relative to the percentage of battery capacity when fully charged
Fully charged	100%state of charge
ambient temperature	Any testing in this document specifies an ambient temperature of 25 °C ±5 °CIn the range
leakage	The battery container loses its airtightness, causing gas or liquid to slowly leak out from a location other than where it is designed to relieve pressure.
explode	Rapid release of energy sufficient to trigger pressure waves and/or projectiles that, depending on battery size, may cause severe structural and/or personal damage
fire	Ignition and continued combustion of flammable gases or liquids (approximately exceeding1seconds), sparks are not flames